#### WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

- 2 multiple access communication system, said method comprising
- 3 the steps of:
- 4 configuring a receiver to demodulate using an
- 5 interference cancellation demodulation scheme selected from
- 6 any of a plurality of interference cancellation demodulation
- 7 schemes; and
- 8 demodulating said data sequences according to said
- 9 interference cancellation demodulation scheme selected, said
- 10 demodulating comprising coupling said data sequences to an
- interference cancellation unit (ICU) at instances based upon
- the interference cancellation scheme selected.
  - 1 2. The method according to claim 1, wherein said
  - 2 interference cancellation demodulation scheme comprises a
  - 3 successive interference cancellation demodulation scheme, a
- 4 parallel interference cancellation demodulation scheme, or
- 5 a hybrid interference cancellation demodulation scheme.

- 1 3. The method according to claim 1, wherein said step
- 2 of demodulating comprises utilizing the same processing
- 3 elements for any of the selected one of said plurality of
- 4 interference cancellation modulation schemes.
- 1 4. The method according to claim 1, wherein said step
- of configuring further comprises the step of:
- 3 retrieving at least one parameter enabling said receiver
- 4 to function according to the interference cancellation
- 5 demodulation scheme selected.
- 1 5. The method according to claim 1, further comprising
- 2 the step of:
- 3 selectively storing certain demodulated data sequences
- 4 used in the interference cancellation demodulation for other
- 5 received data sequences.
- 1 6. The method according to claim 1, wherein said data
- 2 sequences are symbol sequences.

- 1 7. The method according to claim 1, wherein said step
- 2 of demodulating is repeated a plurality of times using only
- 3 ICU within said receiver so as to further cancel interference
- 4 influencing said data sequences.
- 1 8. The method according to claim 1, wherein said step
- of coupling further comprises the step of:
- 3 generating a control signal for selectively activating
- 4 a switch disposed between said ICU and said data sequences,
- 5 said control signal being based upon said interference
- 6 cancellation demodulation scheme selected.

- 9. A receiver within a wireless communication system,
- 2 said receiver comprising:
- a demodulator for demodulating data sequences appearing
- 4 at an input of the demodulator using an interference
- 5 cancellation demodulation scheme selected from any of a
- 6 plurality of interference cancellation demodulation schemes,
- 7 said demodulator comprising:
- 8 an ICU; and
- 9 a switch, coupled between said ICU and the input, said
- 10 switch being closed and opened during a demodulation
- 11 operation based upon the interference cancellation
- 12 demodulation scheme selected.
  - 1 10. The receiver according to claim 9, wherein said
  - 2 demodulator is configured by at least one parameter
  - 3 associated with said receiver.
  - 1 11. The receiver according to claim 9, wherein said ICU
  - 2 is a single ICU.

- 1 12. The receiver according to claim 9, wherein for each
- 2 data sequence said ICU performs said interference
- 3 cancellation demodulation a plurality of times so as to
- 4 further cancel interference influencing said data sequences.
- 1 13. The receiver according to claim 12, wherein said
- 2 single ICU performs said selected interference cancellation
- 3 demodulation for a plurality of users.
- 1 14. The receiver according to claim 11, wherein the
- 2 switching time of said switch is controlled by at least one
- 3 parameter in said demodulator.
- 1 15. The receiver according to claim 11, wherein said
- 2 demodulator further comprises:
- a second switch for selecting one of a plurality of user
- 4 codes, said one user code selected being provided to said single ICU during said demodulation operation.

- 1 16. The receiver according to claim 9, wherein said
- 2 interference cancellation demodulation scheme is a successive
- 3 interference cancellation demodulation scheme, a parallel
- 4 interference cancellation demodulation scheme, or a hybrid
- 5 interference cancellation demodulation scheme.
- 1 17. The receiver according to claim 9, further
- 2 comprising:
- a register, coupled between said ICU and said input, for
- 4 temporarily storing said data sequences.
- 1 18. The receiver according to claim 9, further
- 2 comprising:
- accumulation registers for storing selected demodulated
- 4 data sequences.
- 1 19. The receiver according to claim 9, wherein said ICU
- 2 comprises:
- 3 a multiplier controlled to perform both despreading and
- 4 respreading operations during the demodulation operation.

- 1 20. A method for demodulating a data sequence, said
- 2 method comprising:
- identifying any one of a plurality of interference
- 4 cancellation demodulation schemes;
- 5 loading the data sequence in a first register;
- transferring the data sequence within the first register
- 7 to a second register at predetermined time instances based
- 8 upon the interference cancellation demodulation scheme
- 9 identified;
- despreading the data sequence in the second register
- 11 using a user code;
- respreading the despread data sequence;
- updating the first register based upon the respread data
- 14 sequence; and
- after said despreading, selectively accumulating the
- despread data sequences in an accumulator, the contents of
- 17 said accumulator comprising the demodulated data sequences.

- 1 21. The method according to claim 20, further
- 2 comprising:
- 3 repeating the steps of transferring, despreading,
- 4 respreading, updating and selectively accumulating, a
- 5 predetermined number of times.

- 1 22. An ICU for demodulating a data sequence, said ICU
- 2 comprising:
- a first shift register containing a data sequence, and
- 4 a second shift register containing at least one code for a
- 5 user associated with said data sequence; and
- a multiplier having inputs connected to outputs of said
- 7 first and said second shift registers, said multiplier
- 8 multiplying contents of said first and second shift
- 9 registers, whereby said first shift register, said second
- 10 shift register and said multiplier are controlled to perform
- 11 despreading and respreading operations.
- 1 23. The ICU according to claim 22, further comprising:
- a switch adapted to select an operation performed by
- 3 said multiplier.

- 1 24. The ICU according to claim 22, further comprising:
- an accumulator for accumulating the despread signal
- 3 generated by said multiplier, said accumulator connected to
- 4 the first shift register for supplying the despread signal
- 5 to said first shift register during a respreading operation.
- 1 25. The ICU according to claim 22, wherein said second
- 2 shift register stores the user specific code used for the
- 3 despreading operation.

- 1 26. An interference cancellation method for canceling
- 2 the interference on a data sequence, said method comprising
- 3 the steps of:
- 4 receiving the data sequence;
- detecting an estimate of a first spreading code's
- 6 symbols from said data sequence using an ICU;
- 7 storing the estimate of said first spreading code's
- 8 symbols in a first register associated with said first
- 9 spreading code's symbols; and
- subtracting a first signal associated with the estimate
- 11 of said first spreading code's symbols from said data
- 12 sequence to produce a modified data sequence.
  - 1 27. The interference cancellation method according to
  - 2 claim 26, further comprising, prior to said step of
  - 3 subtracting, the steps of:
  - 4 detecting an estimate of a second spreading code's
  - 5 symbols from said data sequence;
  - storing the estimate of said second spreading code's
  - 7 symbols in a second register associated with said second

- 8 spreading code's symbols; and
- 9 wherein said step of subtracting further comprises
- 10 subtracting signals associated with the estimate of said
- 11 first spreading code's symbols and said second spreading
- 12 code's symbols from said data sequence to produce said
- 13 modified data sequence.
- 1 28. The interference cancellation method according to
- 2 claim 26, further comprising, after said step of subtracting,
- 3 the steps of:
- 4 detecting an estimate of a second spreading code's
- 5 symbols from said data sequence;
- 6 storing the estimate of said second spreading code's
- 7 symbols in a second register associated with said second
- 8 spreading code's symbols; and
- 9 subtracting a second signal associated with the estimate
- 10 of said second spreading code's symbols from said modified
- 11 data sequence.
  - 1 29. The interference cancellation method according to
  - 2 claim 26, further comprising the steps of:

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a second detecting step for detecting the estimate of 3 said first spreading code's symbols from said modified data 4 5 sequence using said ICU; accumulating the estimate of said second detecting step 6 of said first spreading code's symbols to said first register 7 associated with said first spreading code's symbols; and 8 subtracting a third signal associated with the estimate of said second detection of said first spreading code's 10 symbols from said modified data sequence.

- 1 30. An interference cancellation system for canceling
- 2 interference on a data sequence, said system comprising:
- a first register and a second register for temporarily
- 4 storing said data sequence;
- a switch coupled between said first register and said
- 6 second register for transferring said data sequence from said
- 7 first register to said second register at predetermined time
- 8 intervals;
- 9 an ICU coupled to an output of said second register for
- 10 receiving the data sequence and detecting estimates of
- spreading codes' symbols;
- output registers for storing the estimates of said
- spreading codes' symbols, each of said output registers being
- 14 associated with one of said spreading codes' symbols, said
- 15 output registers being adapted to accumulate subsequent
- 16 estimates of said spreading codes' symbols; and
- subtraction means for subtracting signals associated
- 18 with the estimates of said spreading codes' symbols from said
- 19 data sequence, thereby removing the influence of the
- 20 estimates of said spreading codes' symbols from said data
- 21 sequence.

- 1 31. The system according to claim 30, wherein said
- 2 signals associated with the estimates of said spreading
- 3 codes' symbols are respread versions of the estimates of said
- 4 spreading codes' symbols.